Unique Entity Number: T00CC1406K

REPORT & FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2014

LO HOCK LING & CO

Chartered Accountants Singapore 盧鶴齡會計公司



roading **cag**e amarico

www.lohocklingco.com.sg

Table Of Contents

Statement by the SCWO Board	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2
Statement of Comprehensive Income	4
Statement of Financial Position	5
Statement of Changes in Funds	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7

THE STAR SHELTER

STATEMENT BY THE SCWO BOARD

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements which comprise the balance sheet (statement

of financial position) as at 31 January 2014, and the statement of comprehensive income, and

statement of changes in funds for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting

policies and other explanatory notes, are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the state of

affairs of The Star Shelter as at 31 January 2014 and the results and changes in funds for the year

ended on that date.

Mrs Laura Hwang Cheng Lin

President

Ms Tan 6m Hian

Honorary Treasurer

Singapore, 12 June 2014

1



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SINGAPORE COUNCIL OF WOMEN'S ORGANISATIONS (SCWO) THE STAR SHELTER

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Star Shelter, an integral part of SCWO (the Association), set out on pages 4 to 14. These financial statements comprise the balance sheet (statement of financial position) as at 31 January 2014, and the statement of comprehensive income and statement of changes in funds for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only transactions arising from the activities undertaken by The Star Shelter, which is an operating segment of SCWO.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Charities Act, Cap. 37 and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair profit and loss accounts and balance sheets and to maintain accountability of assets.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SINGAPORE COUNCIL OF WOMEN'S ORGANISATIONS (SCWO) THE STAR SHELTER

(continued)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Charities Act and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of The Star Shelter as at 31 January 2014 and the results and changes in funds of The Star Shelter for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the regulations enacted under the Charities Act to be kept by the Association have been properly kept in accordance with those regulations.

During the financial year, the Association did not conduct any fund-raising appeal as defined in regulation 6 of the Societies Regulations issued under the Societies Act Chapter 311.

During the course of our audit, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that during the year:

- (i) The use of the donation moneys was not in accordance with the objectives of the Association required under regulation 16 of the Charities (Institutions of a Public Character) Regulations; and
- (ii) The Association has not complied with the requirements of regulation 15 (Fund-raising expenses) of the Charities (Institutions of a Public Character) Regulations.

LO HOCK LING & CO.
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS SINGAPORE

Singapore, 12 June 2014

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 January 2014

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
		\$	\$
INCOME			
Bank interest Contributions from dormitory residents Donations		1,370 5,370	1,278 3,675
 non tax deductible tax deductible MSF grants NCSS subsidy Thriftshop Sundry income 		72,573 212,564 230,986 75,671 79,937 542	46,693 10,678 150,034 99,269 75,993 50
EXPENSES		679,013	387,670
Auditors' remuneration Bank charges Cleaning services Contract services Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Employee benefits expense Foreign workers' levy General expenses Groceries Insurance Medical expenses Office transport Postage and courier Printing and stationery Refreshments Repairs and maintenance Security guard services Skills development levy Staff welfare Telecommunication expenses Training and development Travelling expenses Utilities	3 4	3,103 235 6,750 3,180 7,835 195,193 4,650 10,955 8,617 1,741 1,467 996 9 2,036 107 24,891 44,071 400 26 279 1,443 3,033 16,150	3,103 115 5,609 2,095 4,158 125,541 2,492 6,819 8,234 1,800 732 860 54 801 330 16,907 34,587 264 - 295 1,143 - 17,956
		337,167	233,895
Surplus for the year		341,846	153,775
Other Comprehensive Income			
Contributions to SCWO operating fund		(74,500)	(72,000)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		(74,500_)	(72,000_)
Total comprehensive income for the year		267,346	81,775

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 January 2014

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
		\$	\$
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	23,800	15,960
Total Non-Current Assets		23,800	15,960_
Current Assets			
Receivables	5	20,120	61,838
Fixed deposits with financial institutions Cash and bank balances	6	500,378 488,780	499,128 148,339
Total Current Assets		1,009,278	709,305
Total Assets		1,033,078	725,265
FUNDS AND LIABILITIES			
Star Shelter General Fund		933,883	666,537
Rebuild Programme Fund	7	39,730	39,730
Total Funds		973,613	706,267
Current Liabilities			
Payables	8	59,465	18,998_
Total Current Liabilities		59,465	18,998_
Total Funds and Liabilities		1,033,078	725,265

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Funds for the year ended 31 January 2014

	Star Shelter General <u>Fund</u>	Rebuild Programme <u>Fund</u>	Total <u>Funds</u>
	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 February 2012	584,762	39,730	624,492
Surplus for the year	153,775	-	153,775
Other comprehensive income	(72,000)	-	(72,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year	81,775	***	81,775
Balance as at 31 January 2013	666,537	39,730	706,267
Surplus for the year	341,846	-	341,946
Other comprehensive income	(74,500)	***	(74,500)
Total comprehensive income for the year	267,346	-	267,346
Balance as at 31 January 2014	933,883	39,730	973,613

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 January 2014

The following notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

The Star Shelter is a charity registered under the Charities Act Cap. 37 and an Institution of a Public Character. It is an integral part of the Singapore Council of Women's Organisations (SCWO), an association registered under the Societies Act, Cap. 311. Its registered office is located at 96 Waterloo Street Singapore 187967.

The Star Shelter provides a temporary refuge for victims of family violence and others in need of protection, regardless of race, language, creed or religion.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Preparation

The association presents its financial statements in Singapore dollars, which is also its functional currency.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies below, and comply with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (FRS), including related Interpretations promulgated by the Accounting Standards Council.

As these financial statements are in respect of The Star Shelter only, the statement of cash flows in accordance with FRS 7 Statement of Cash Flows has not been prepared. Separately, the association has prepared combined financial statements incorporating the results of all operating segments of SCWO, including The Star Shelter, which presents a statement of cash flows of the association as a whole.

During the financial year, the association adopted all the applicable new/revised FRSs which are effective on or before 1 February 2013.

The adoption of these new/revised FRSs did not have any material effect on the association's financial statements and did not result in substantial changes to the association's accounting policies.

(b) Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgments

Estimates, assumptions concerning the future and judgments are made in the preparation of the financial statements. They affect the application of the association's accounting policies, reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosures made. They are assessed on an ongoing basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

THE STAR SHELTER

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgments (continued)

(A) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

The costs of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Management's estimates of the useful lives of these property, plant and equipment are disclosed in note 2(g). Changes in the expected usage and technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets. Therefore, future depreciation charges could be revised. The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and the depreciation charge for the year are disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements.

(B) Critical judgments made in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the association's accounting policies, the management has made certain judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the association's non-financial assets subject to impairment are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated based on the higher of the value in use and the asset's net selling price. Estimating the value in use requires the association to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the continuing use of the assets and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

(c) FRS and INT FRS not yet effective

The association has not applied any new FRS or INT FRS (Interpretations of Financial Reporting Standards) that has been issued as at the balance sheet date but is not yet effective. The board does not anticipate the adoption of the new FRS and INT FRS in future financial periods to have any material impact on the association's financial statements in the period of initial application.

(d) Receivables

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment. Receivables with a short duration are not discounted.

THE STAR SHELTER

2. <u>SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

(d) Receivables (continued)

When there is objective evidence that the association will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables, an impairment loss is recognised. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying value of the receivable and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the receivable is reduced directly or through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss shall be reversed either directly or by adjusting an allowance account. The amount of the reversal shall be recognised in profit or loss.

(e) Payables

Payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(f) Revenue Recognition

Interest income is recorded on a time-proportion basis, using the effective interest method, unless collectability is in doubt.

Government grants are recognised as income when there is reasonable assurance that the association will comply with the conditions attaching to the grants and that the grants will be received.

Donations are recognised in profit or loss upon receipt. Donations and contributions received in connection with events held are matched against the respective event expenditure.

(g) Property, Plant and Equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the association and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any.

Any estimated costs of dismantling and removing the property, plant and equipment and reinstating the site to its original condition (reinstatement costs) are capitalised as part of the cost of the property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight line basis so as to write off the cost, less the residual value, of the assets over their estimated useful lives. The annual rates of depreciation are as follows:

Air-conditioners 3 years
Computers 3 years
Office equipment, furniture & fittings 10 years
Office renovation 3 years

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the financial statements until they are no longer in use.

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods of property, plant and equipment are reviewed and adjusted as appropriate, at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the assets is recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

(h) Employee Benefits

Defined Contribution Plans

The association makes contributions to the state provident fund (Central Provident Fund). Such contributions are recognised as compensation expense in the same period as the employment that gives rise to the contributions.

(i) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the association's assets subject to impairment are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and its value in use. The value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life.

An impairment loss on a non-revalued asset is recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss on a revalued asset is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that same asset. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount or when there is an indication that the impairment loss recognised for the asset no longer exists or decreases. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(j) Income Taxes

As a registered charity under the Charities Act, Cap. 37, the income of The Star Shelter is exempt from tax under Section 13(1)(zm) of the Income Tax Act, Cap. 134.

THE STAR SHELTER

რ.

	Total	↔	28,585	30,177	45,852		10,059	14,217	22,052		23,800	15,960
	Air- conditioners	↔	3,548	3,548	3,548		2,366	3,548	3,548		t.	
	Computers	↔	3,852	3,852	3,852		2,822 698	3,520	3,852		8	332
	Office <u>renovation</u>	↔	f I	15,675	15,675		1 1	5,225	5,225		10,450	
	Office equipment, furniture and fittings	↔	21,185	22,777	22,777		4,871	7,149	9,427		13,350	15,628
				α				33				
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				At 31 January 2013 and 1 February 2013 Additions		디		At 31 January 2013 and 1 February 2013 Charge for the year				
RTY, PLANT AN			At 1 February 2012 Additions	anuary 2013 and is	At 31 January 2014	Accumulated depreciation	At 1 February 2012 Charge for the year	At 31 January 2013 and Charge for the year	At 31 January 2014	Carrying amount	At 31 January 2014	At 31 January 2013
PROPE		Cost	At 1 Febri Additions	At 31 Jan Additions	At 31 Ja	Accum	At 1 Fel Charge	At 31 Ja Charge	At 31 Ja	Carryin	At 31 Ja	At 31 Ja

4.	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE		
		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
		\$	\$
	Salaries and related costs	172,561	109,950
	Employer's contributions to Central Provident Fund	22,632	15,591
		195,193	125,541
	Employee benefits expense includes benefits paid to liby the association as follows:-	key management per	sonnel employe
	by the association as follows	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
		\$	\$
	Short-term employee benefits:		
	Salaries and related costs Employer's contributions to Central Provident	62,500	-
	Fund	10,000	
		72,500	
		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
	Number of key management personnel	1	
_	None of the three highest paid staff received more than	\$100,000 in annual r	remuneration.
5.	RECEIVABLES	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
		\$	\$
	Grant receivable from Ministry of Social and		52,002
	Family Development (MSF) Grant receivable from NCSS	19,060 -	8,988
	Prepayments	910 150	848
	Sundry receivables	20,120	61,838
	Non-trade receivables are unsecured, non-interest builthin 6 months.		
3 .	FIXED DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS		
	All fixed deposits mature within one year and bear in 0.35% (2013: 0.15% to 0.35%) per annum.	terest at rates rangir	ng from 0.15%
,	REBUILD PROGRAMME FUND		
		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
		\$	\$
	Balance at beginning and end of financial year	39,730	39,730

THE STAR SHELTER

7. REBUILD PROGRAMME FUND (continued)

The Rebuild Programme Fund is set up to help The Star Shelter residents rebuild their homes by giving them rebuild home loans, room rental and transport allowance assistance.

Rebuild home loans disbursed from the Rebuild Programme Fund are non-interest bearing and have no fixed repayment terms. All loans extended to residents are recorded as funds disbursed, while any loan repayments are recorded as funds received. There was no movement in Rebuild Programme Fund during the financial year.

8. PAYABLES

TATABLEO	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
	\$	\$
Due to SCWO operating fund Accruals	48,728 10,737	9,416 9,582
	59,465	18,998

The above payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 90 days or on demand.

9. FINANCIAL RISKS MANAGEMENT

The association is exposed to financial risks arising from its operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks are credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The board reviews and agrees on policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below:

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the potential risk of financial loss resulting from the failure of customers or other counterparties to settle their financial and contractual obligations to the association as and when they fall due.

The association's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from receivables. For other financial assets (including cash and cash equivalents), the association minimises credit risk by dealing with high credit rating counterparties.

At the balance sheet date, there was no significant concentration of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet.

There are no financial assets that are past due or impaired as at the balance sheet date.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the association will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds.

The association monitors its liquidity risk and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the association's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

All financial liabilities of the association are repayable on demand or mature within one year.

9. FINANCIAL RISKS MANAGEMENT (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the association's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The association does not have any interest-bearing financial liabilities. Its only exposure to changes in interest rates relates to interest-earning bank deposits. The association monitors movements in interest rates to ensure deposits are placed with financial institutions offering optimal rates of return.

The interest rates and terms of maturity of financial assets of the association are disclosed in note 6 to the financial statements.

10. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, receivables and payables approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

Financial Instruments by Category

The aggregate carrying amounts of loans and receivables and financial liabilities at amortised cost are as follows:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
	\$	\$
Loans and receivables Financial liabilities at amortised cost	1,008,368 59,465	708,457 18,998

11. RESERVES MANAGEMENT

The association's reserves management objective is to safeguard the association's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain an optimal reserve in order to support its operations and principal activities.

The association aims to maintain its reserves at a level equivalent to at least 3 times the current annual operating expenses. The association regularly monitors its cash flows and manages its funds to ensure that they are adequate to fulfil continuing obligations.

The Rebuild Programme Fund and Star Shelter General Fund are designated funds to be used only for specified purposes, as described in note 7 and note 1 respectively.

The association is not subject to externally imposed reserve requirements.

There were no changes to the association's approach to reserves management during the year.

12. AUTHORISATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the SCWO Board on 12 June 2014.